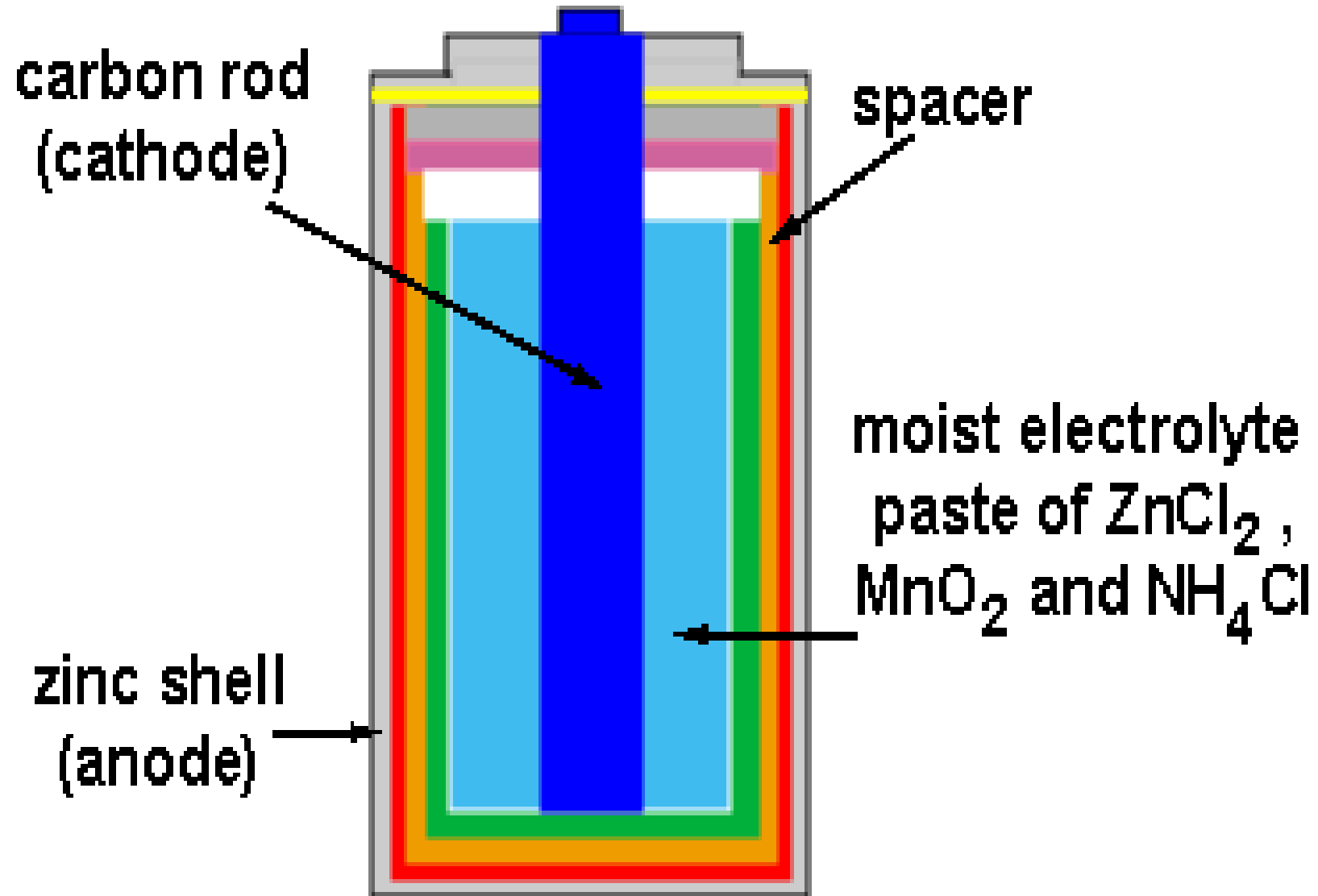


# **N44 - Electrochemistry**

**Target: I can label and perform calculations for Galvanic and Electrolytic cells.**

# **N44 - Electrochemistry**

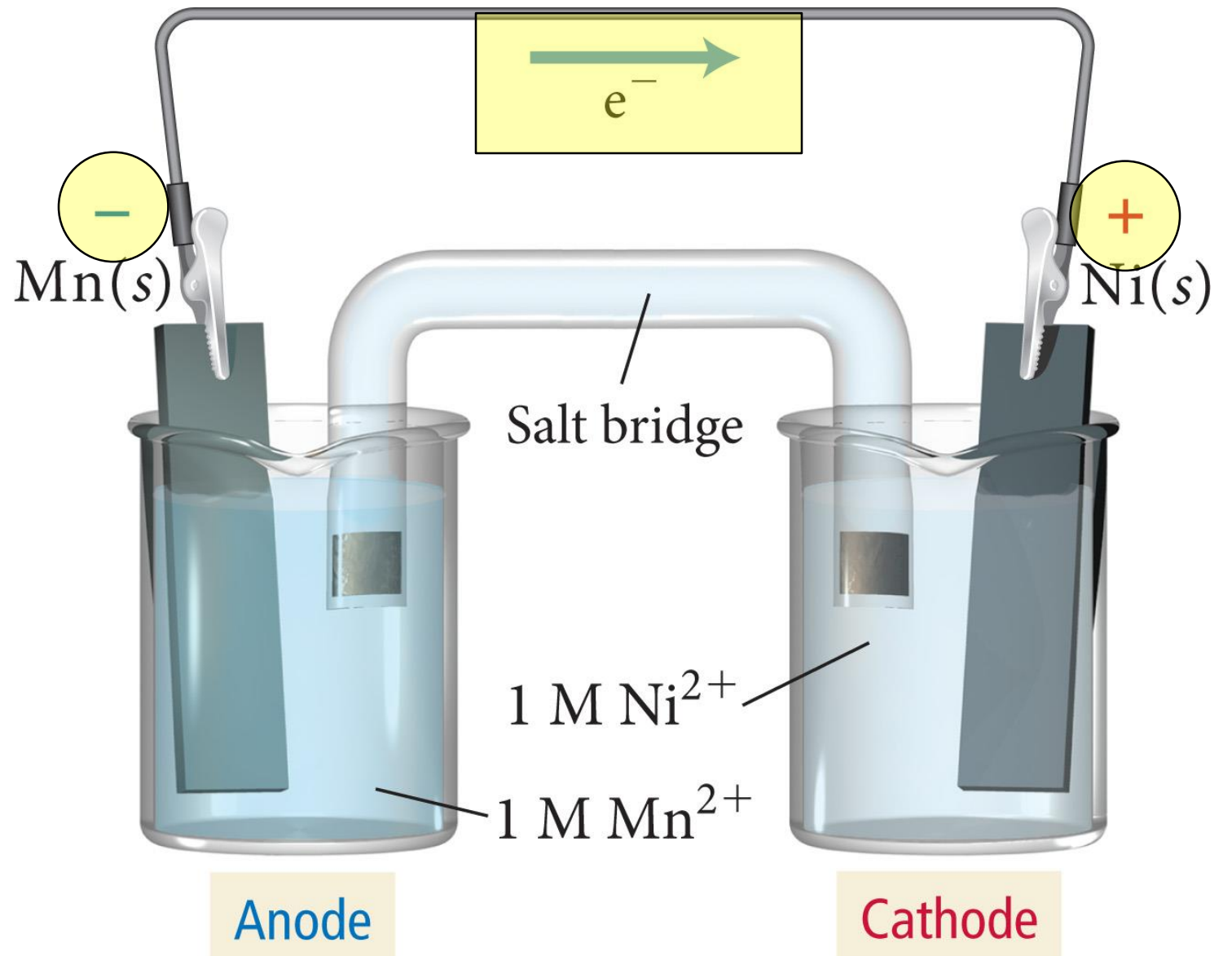
## **Cells**



# Direction of Current Flowing

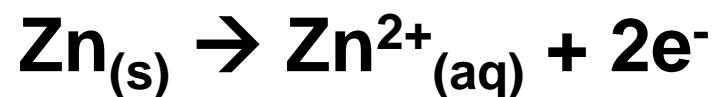
Anode is marked with a ( - ) sign.  
e- are being lost.  
They leave and **flow towards the Cathode.**

Cathode is marked with a ( + ) sign.  
e- are being gained.  
They are **coming from the anode.**

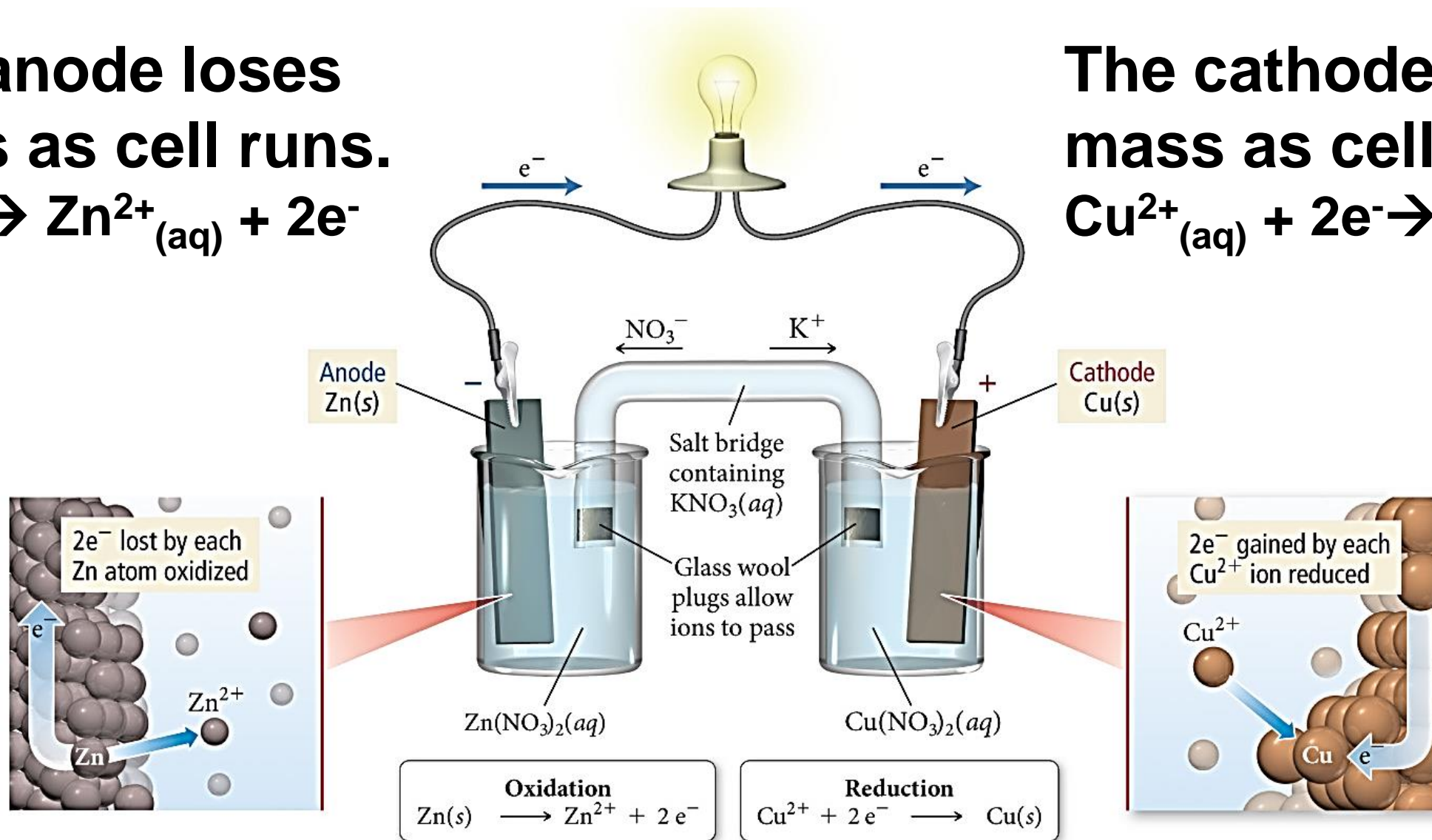
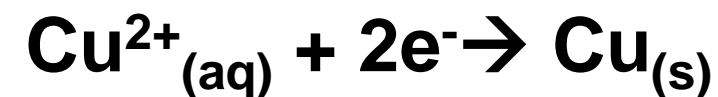


# Atomic View

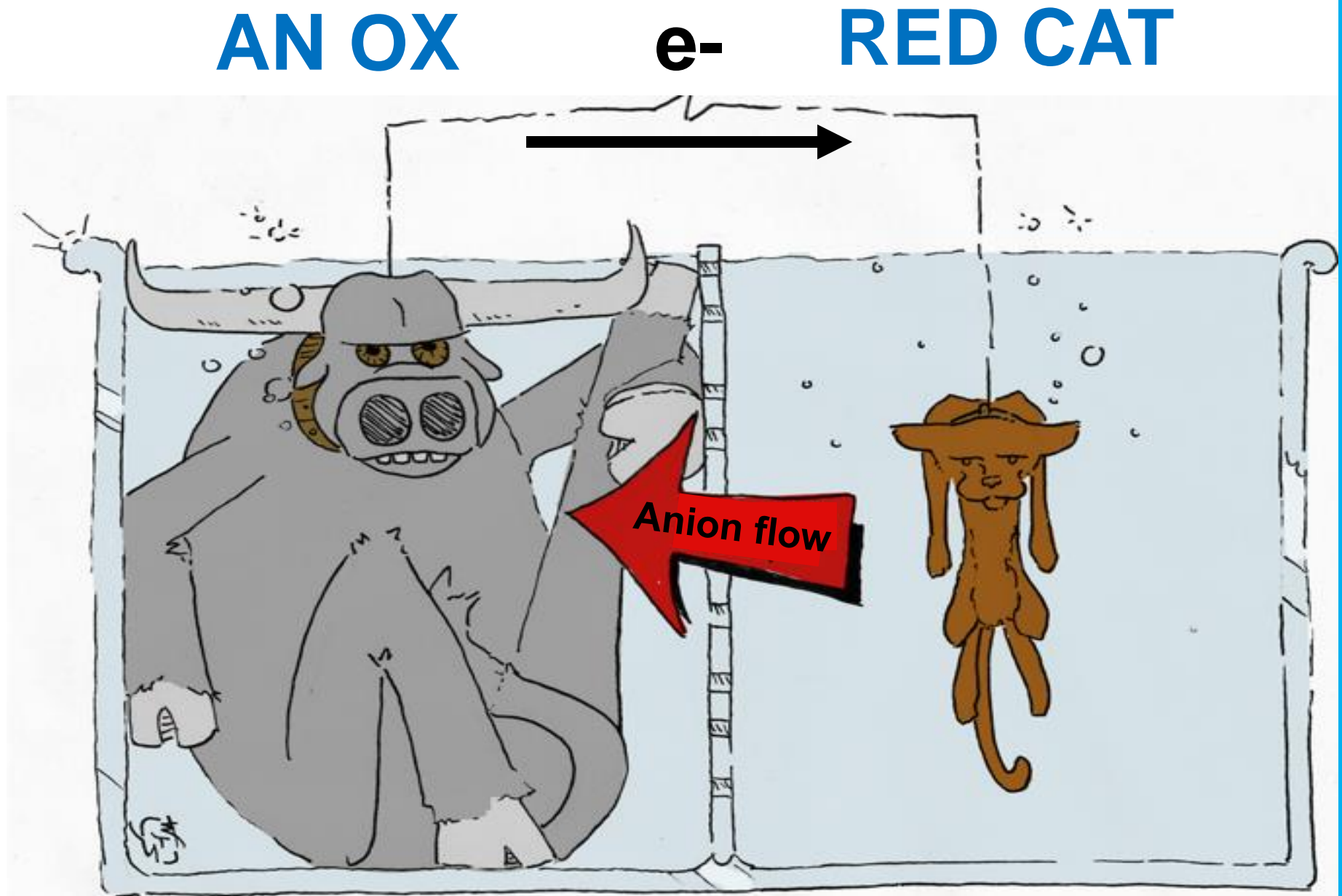
The anode loses mass as cell runs.



The cathode gains mass as cell runs.



**A RED  
CAT  
gains,  
what  
AN OX  
loses**

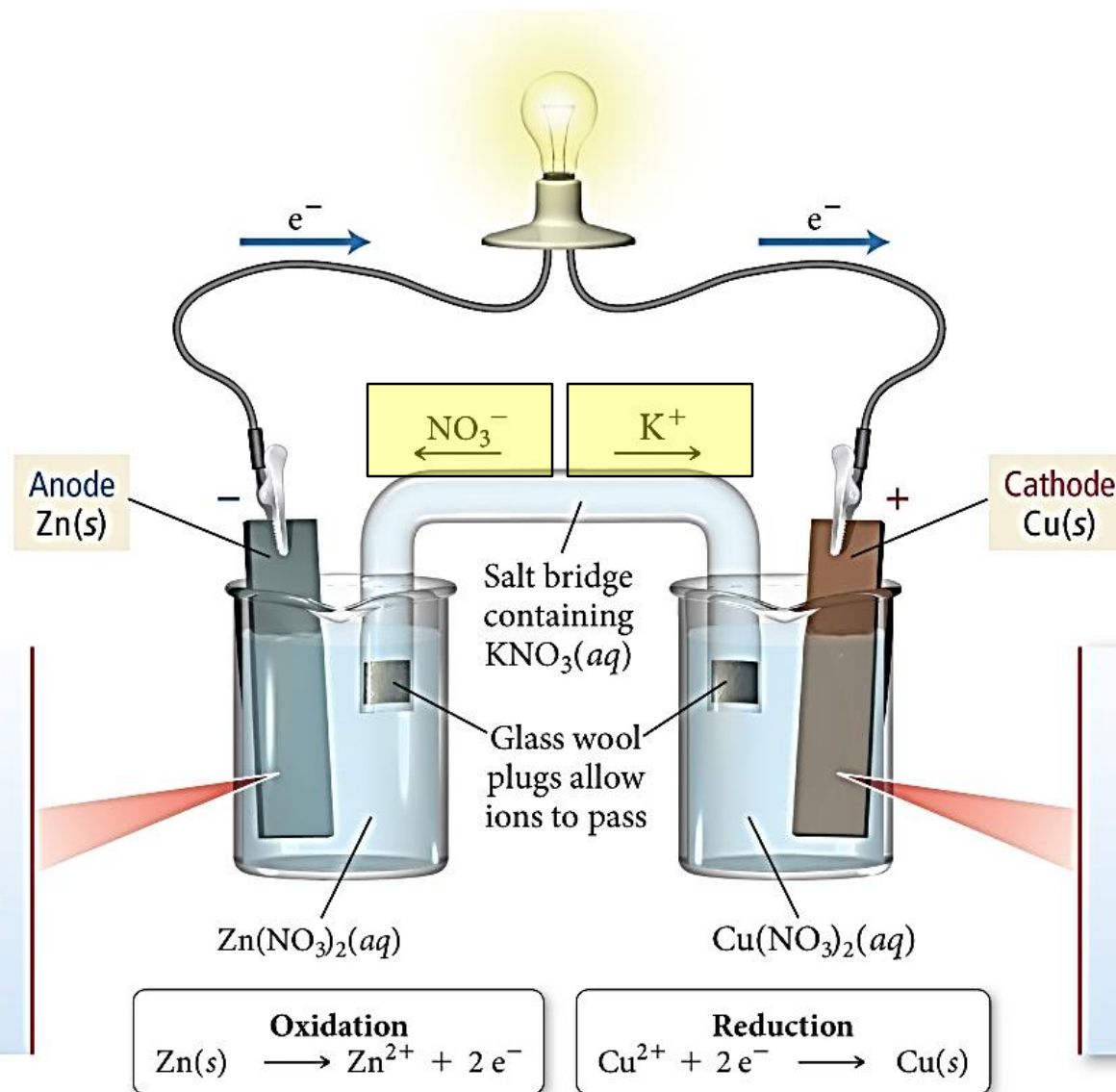
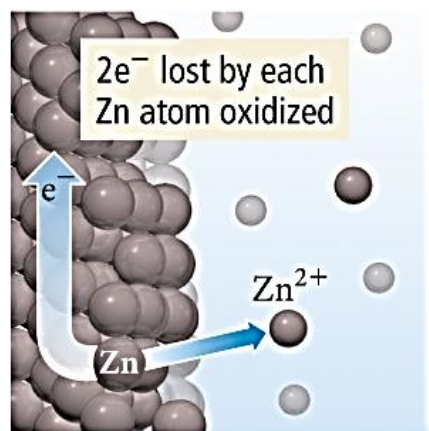




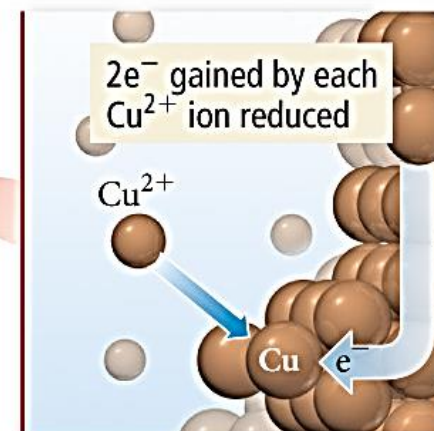
# Salt Bridge

Need to keep charges balanced while the cell runs.

**Anode** is making new cations as electrode loses  $e^-$ ...So **anions enter** from salt bridge to balance the new cations.

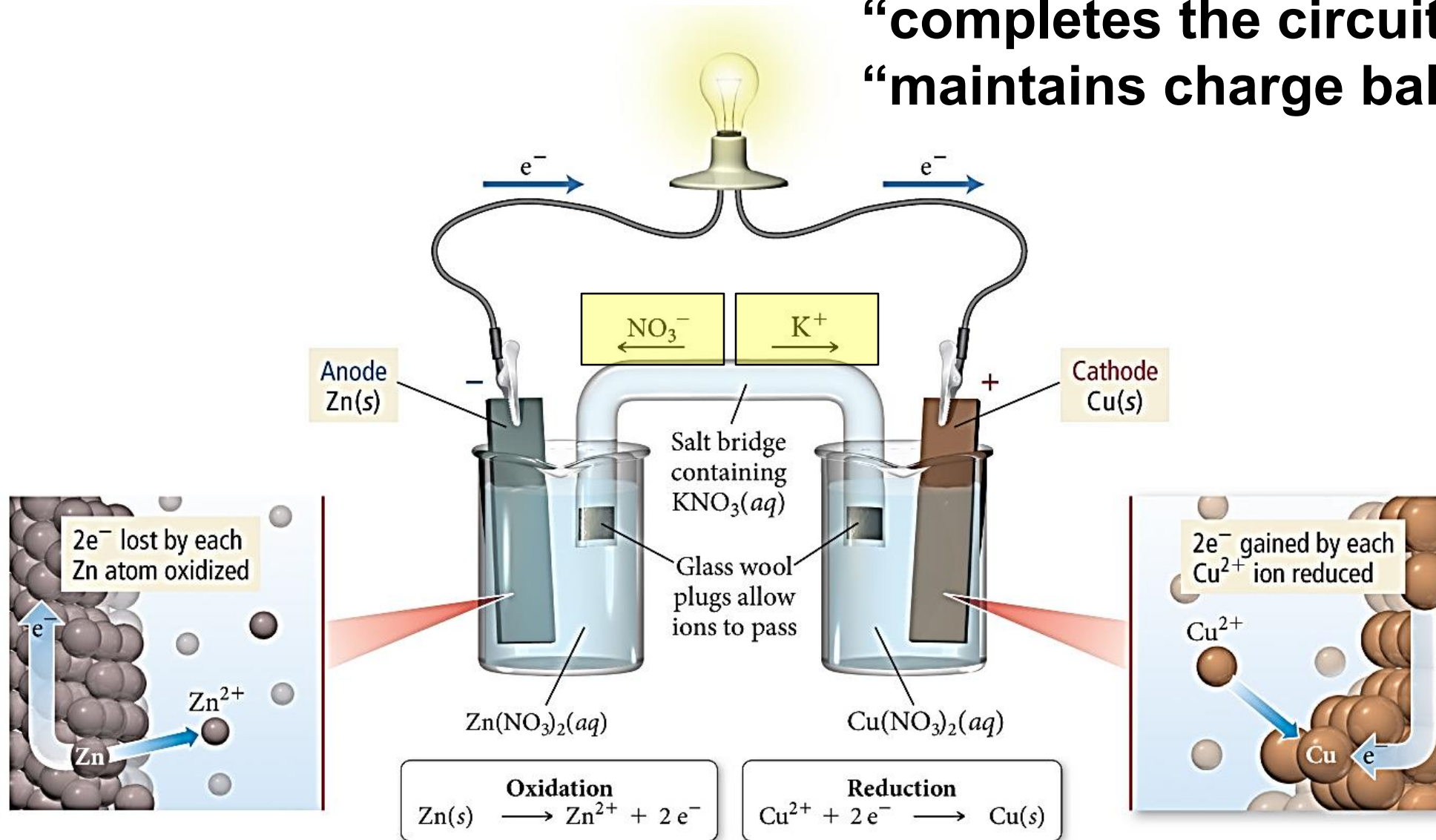


**Cathode** is losing cations from solution as the cations gain  $e^-$ ...So **cations enter** from salt bridge to balance the loss of cations.



# Salt Bridge

We say that the salt bridge “completes the circuit” and “maintains charge balance.”





# Summary of Electrodes

## Anode

- Electrode where oxidation occurs (loss of  $e^-$ )
- Anions from salt bridge attracted to it because cations being made.
- Connected to positive end of battery in an electrolytic cell.
- Loses weight in electrolytic cell

## Cathode

- Electrode where reduction occurs (gain of  $e^-$ )
- Cations from salt bridge attracted to it because losing cations.
- Connected to negative end of battery in an electrolytic cell
- Gains weight in electrolytic cell
  - Electrode where plating takes place in electroplating

# Galvanic versus Electrolytic Cells

## Galvanic

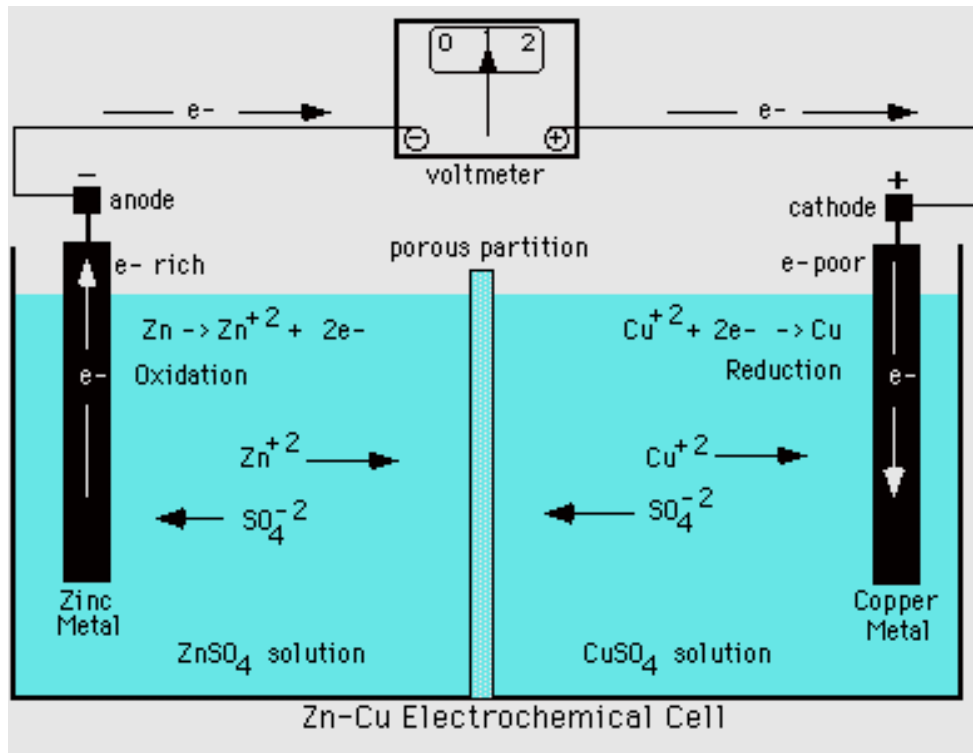
- Converts chemical energy into electrical energy.
- Positive cell potential,  $E^{\circ}_{\text{cell}} = +$
- Spontaneous, negative free energy difference,  $\Delta G = -$
- Anode = - and Cathode = +
- Electrons supplied by the chemical being oxidized.
- Electrons flow from anode to cathode.

## Electrolytic

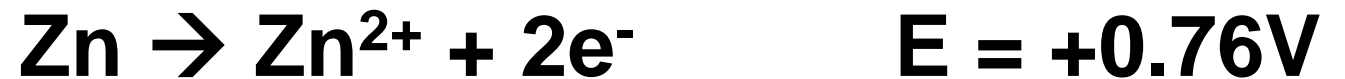
- Converts electrical energy into chemical energy
- Negative cell potential,  $E^{\circ}_{\text{cell}} = -$
- NOT spontaneous, positive free energy difference,  $\Delta G = +$
- Anode = + and Cathode = -
- Electrons supplied by an external source
- Electrons enter from the cathode and come out at the anode.

# Galvanic Cell Example    Zn - Cu

From a table of reduction potentials:



Cu more positive = reduced  
Zn more negative = oxidized  
*flip eq and sign on E for Zn*



---

$$E = (+0.76) + (+0.34) = +1.10 \text{ V}$$

**E = + so galvanic, spontaneous,  $\Delta G = -$**

# Electrolytic Cell Example

A cell is undergoing this rxn:



**Careful!**

Equation is telling you that Na is going from  $\text{Na}^+ \rightarrow \text{Na}$   
It is being reduced even though the table shows it would rather be oxidized!!!!

And  $2\text{Cl}^- \rightarrow \text{Cl}_2$  so it is being oxidized even though it would rather be reduced!



Told that  $\text{Na}^+$  = reduced

Told that  $\text{Cl}^-$  = oxidized

*flip eq and sign on E for Cl<sup>-</sup>*



---

$$E = (-2.71) + (-1.36) = -4.07\text{ V}$$

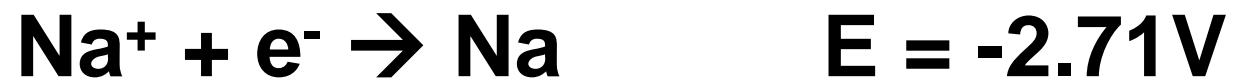
**E = - so electrolytic, NON-spontaneous,  $\Delta G = +$**

# Electrolytic Cell Example

A cell is undergoing this rxn:



**This cell won't run by itself! You need to hook it up to an outside electrical supply!**



Told that  $\text{Na}^+$  = reduced

Told that  $\text{Cl}^-$  = oxidized

*flip eq and sign on E for Cl<sup>-</sup>*



---

$$E = (-2.71) + (-1.36) = -4.07\text{ V}$$

**E = - so electrolytic, NON-spontaneous,  $\Delta G = +$**

# Cell (Line) Notation

Shorthand description of a voltaic cell

**Electrode | electrolyte || electrolyte | electrode**

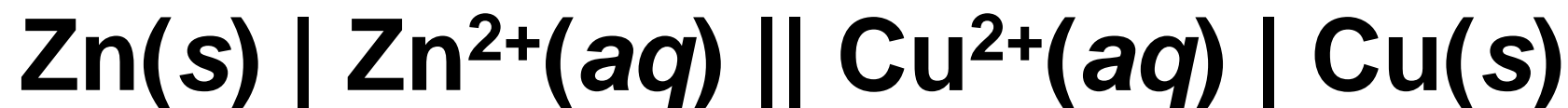
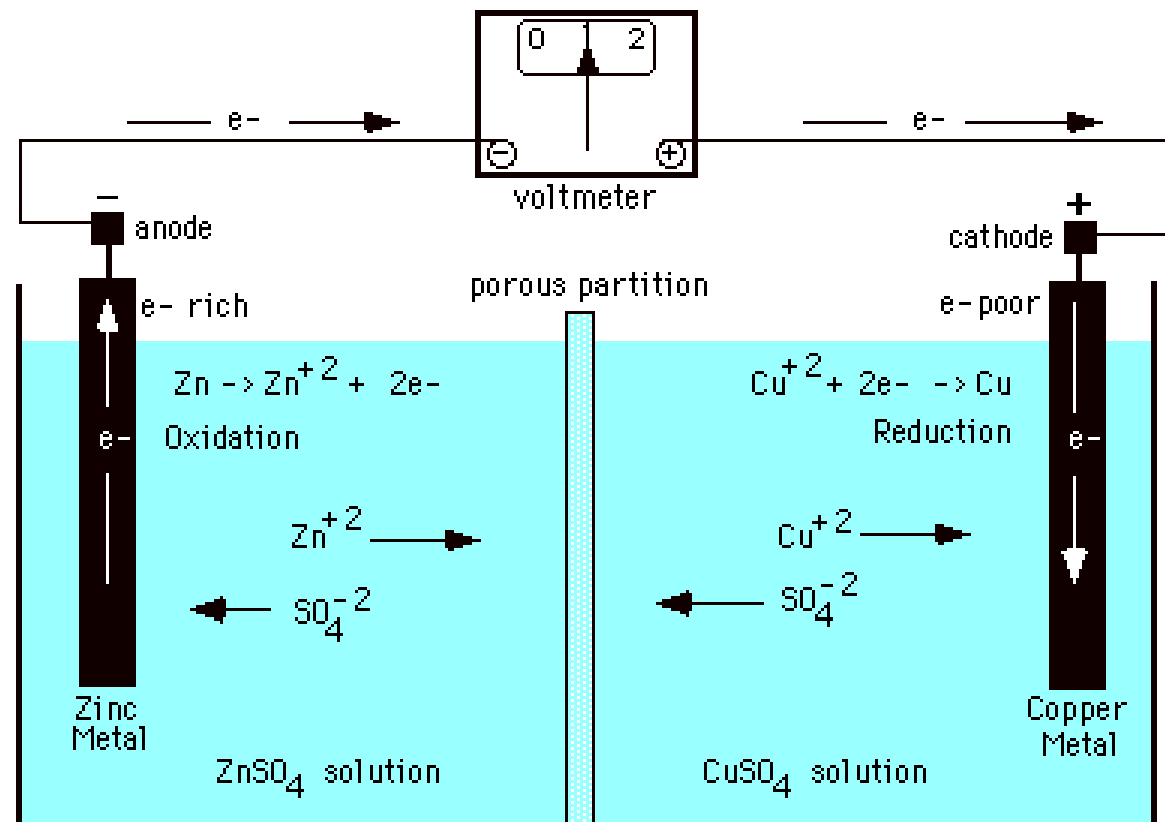
*Oxidation half cell side*

*Reduction half cell side*

- Single **|** = phase barrier  
If multiple electrolytes in same phase, a comma is used rather than |
  - Often use an **inert electrode**
  - Sometimes they put the concentrations in also
- Double line **||** = salt bridge



# Line Notation



Anode  
material

Anode  
solution

Cathode  
solution

Cathode  
material

# YouTube Link to Presentation

<https://youtu.be/2XZOCTAQNOA>